國立嘉義高中112學年度學術性向資賦優異【語文類】

# 複選評量英文科試題

## 本份試題含選擇題與非選擇題兩部分,總分為84分。請將答案全部寫在答

## 案卷上。

(A) equal

I. 單字選擇:(1%\*15=15%)

- 1. After hiking all day without drinking any water, the students sat down by the stream to quench their \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A)hunger(B)energy(C) nutrition(D) thirst2. A gas heater is much more \_\_\_\_\_ than an electric one. The former costs a lot less.
- (A)occasional (B)emotional (C)economical (D)intellectual
- 3. Humans can \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the serious problem of animal extinction. They can also help to solve it.
- (A)dedicate(B)manage(C)contribute(D)prevent4. In an election \_\_\_\_\_\_, it's unavoidable that candidates criticize each other.
- (A)capital (B)captain (C)campaign (D)calculation
- 5. If we walk at this slow \_\_\_\_\_, we'll never get to our destination on time.
- (A)mood (B)pace (C)tide (D)access
- 6. Robinson was in a car crash, and suffered \_\_\_\_\_\_ injuries to his chest, arms, and legs. (A)multiple (B)usual (C)favorable (D)universal
- 7. The government spent a lot of money to \_\_\_\_\_\_ tourism.

(B) youthful

- (A) promote (B) eliminate (C) increase (D) approach
- 8. She is so \_\_\_\_\_\_ that her success can only be a question of time.
- (A) talented(B) exhausted(C) satisfied(D) concerned9. Putting leftover food in the refrigerator is a good way to \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.
- (A) translate (B) preserve (C) rescue (D) forgive
- 10. When learning how to swim, the first thing you must do is learn how to \_\_\_\_\_. (A) relieve (B) float (C) blow (D) rescue
- 11. Nowadays, people can use their smartphones to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the nearest restaurant.(A) locate(B) defeat(C) explain(D) prove12. In some underdeveloped countries, people are in \_\_\_\_\_ need of food and clean water.

(C) urban

(D) urgent

語資班複選評量英文科,共4頁:P1 13. Stop going to bed late and you will see a(n) improvement in your health. (A) continuous (B) vicious (C) outrageous (D) adventurous when measuring the materials. 14. In this experiment, it's best to be (A) stylish (B) hearty (C) accurate (D) idiotic 15. Some stars in the sky can only be seen through a . (A) telescope (B) vinegar (D) lecture (C) statue

## II. 文法選擇:(1%\*5=5%)

16. A baseball game at seven o'clock last night.				
(A) is playing	(B) is being played	(C) was played	(D) was being played	
17. The doctor advised my father for his health.				
(A) to stop smoki	ng (B) stop smoking	(C) stop to smoke	(D) to stop to smoke	
18. This smartphone advertisement on many websites recently.				
(A) appears	(B) appeared	(C) has appeared	(D) was appearing	
19. That's a beautiful mansion. I wonder it belongs to.				
(A) what	(B) whom	(C) which	(D) that	
20. Johnny enjoys the summer, Luke prefers the winter.				
(A) unless	(B) since	(C) until	(D) while	

#### III. 綜合選擇:(1%\*20=20%)

<1> With the Swiftcab mobile application, finding a taxi is at your fingertips! Swiftcab allows you to 21 one of several participating taxis through your smartphone.

First, <u>22</u> the Swiftcab application onto your smartphone. Then, when you want to go somewhere, open the application and select "Order A Taxi." You will then be prompted to specify your location and the <u>23</u> of people in your screen.

24 your taxi arrives, simply tell the driver where you want to go. The base fare is only \$ 1.75 and the rest of the cost will be calculated at \$ 1.00 a mile. When you arrive at your destination, conventional methods of payment are accepted, <u>25</u> you may also pay directly through the application if your credit card information is already on file.

21. (A) trade	(B) decide	(C) book	(D) reply
22. (A) present	(B) form	(C) remove	(D) download
23. (A) amount	(B) number	(C) group	(D) type
24. (A) With	(B) Once	(C) For	(D) Since
25. (A) although	(B) because	(C) if	(D) when

#### 語資班複選評量英文科,共4頁:P2

<2 > Are you familiar with wildlife tourism? <u>26</u>, wildlife tourism is any activity that involves viewing or interacting with wild animals. It is quite common to hear about people traveling long distances and paying loads of money to see wild animals. In fact, wildlife tourism <u>27</u> roughly 10 percent of all tourism globally. However, is wildlife doing more harm <u>28</u> good? Sadly, in some places, animals are caged, drugged, or forced to work in terrible conditions for the <u>29</u> of tourists. Sometimes, it's easy to know when some animals are mistreated, like when bears and elephants are forced to perform tricks at circuses. Unfortunately, there <u>30</u> other cases that are not so easily noticed. For example, humans feeding animals can disrupt the local food chain. Also, noisy humans can scare away animals and affect mating behavior.

26.(A) Additionally	(B) Simply	(C) Firstly	(D) Luckily
27.(A) gives away	(B) passes on	(C) makes up	(D) takes in
28.(A) than	(B) of	(C) through	(D) by
29.(A) glimpse	(B) contribution	(C) property	(D) entertainment
30.(A) is	(B) are	(C) has	(D) have

<3> As you put away your lunch, you notice that there's still much to do. However, you just can't <u>31</u> a yawn as your eyelids grow heavy and your thoughts begin to slow. What could be better than to take an afternoon nap—or, <u>32</u> the Spanish call it, a siesta?

Spain is famous for taking such midday breaks when traditionally people drift off to sleep for a couple of hours before <u>33</u> to work. Since Spain was an agricultural society for much of its history, it made sense to <u>34</u> this custom. Farmers would start their work early, stop for a large meal around noon, and lie down to wait out the worst of the day's heat. In the late afternoon, they'd return to the fields and continue their <u>35</u> until the sun set.

31.(A) let loose	(B) hold back	(C) draw upon	(D) come in
32.(A) as	(B) to	(C) by	(D) of
33.(A) return	(B) returned	(C) returning	(D) having returned
34.(A) demand	(B) recycle	(C) witness	(D) adopt
35.(A) species	(B) labor	(C) accent	(D) discount

<4> Imagine the delight of coming home to a spotless house after a busy day at work. No matter <u>36</u> type of residence you live in, MJA Cleaning Services can tidy it up for you. Spend your leisure hours <u>37</u> the things that are important to you, and let us worry about your housework.

MJA <u>38</u> the Salt Lake City area for the past 15 years and is well-known for its efficiency, professionalism, and speed. We <u>39</u> weekly and bi-weekly cleaning, window washing carpet cleaning, and floor stripping and waxing services. We also move furniture and clean up after parties.

Visit our Web site, check out our rates, and think about the money you will save <u>40</u> using our service.

36. (A) how	(B) where	(C) what	(D) whose
37. (A) to enjoy	(B) enjoy	(C) enjoying	(D) from enjoying
38. (A) serves	(B) served	(C) has been served	(D) has been serving
39. (A) offer	(B) reform	(C) claim	(D) produce
40. (A) to	(B) for	(C) by	(D) from

#### IV. 文意選填 (1%\*10=10%)

## (說明:選項如為句子首字,請視第一個字母為大寫。)

<1> In his book *Liquid Love*, author Zygmunt Bauman has said that the way we form and maintain our relationships has dramatically changed. He says that technology and modernity have made our ideas of love more "liquid": less fixed or <u>41</u> than they used to be.

Technology has made communication more 42 than ever before. We conveniently leap from one chat room to another and text addictively. The appeal is that we can just delete or block the other person with minimal pain or danger.

However, it could be simplifying things to say we don't put any <u>43</u> on the relationships we form. We want these connections, but we are torn <u>44</u> our human needs for freedom and security. In other words, we hold a deep fear of our relationships going sour and settling into a state <u>45</u> excitement. Yet at the same time, we crave the stability of having someone as a root and a home.

41--45 題選項

(A) value	(B) without	(C) durable	(D) between	(E) effortless
(11) vuiue	(D) whenout			

<2> According to the *Collins Cobuild* dictionary, people who <u>46</u> "stuttering," find it hard to say the first sound of a word, and so they often hesitate or repeat it two or three times. Stuttering is one of the most <u>47</u> language disorders and also one of the hardest to treat. This is because there are many possible causes, including genetic factors, as well as numerous situations that <u>48</u> people to stutter. For example, some only stutter on the phone. As many as 10% of children will stutter, but most of them <u>49</u> it. Therapists generally work on the stutterers' behaviors, such as getting them to recognize what causes them to stutter so they can manage it before it starts to <u>50</u> them. One famous movie about this disorder is the movie *The King's Speech*, which is about how the UK's King George VI struggled to overcome his stutter.

#### 46--50 題選項

(A) common (B) affect (C) cause (D) suffer from (E) grow out of

#### V. 閱讀測驗 (2%\*11=22%)

<1> In 1770, a British captain called James Cook was on a quest to sail to Australia. Australia is the only continent entirely in the Southern Hemisphere. So, it made sense for it to have unusual animals. After he landed at Botany Bay, he began to explore the grand inland territory.

Soon he saw a strange animal. He had read about it before. A Dutch captain once described the animal in this way: It is about seven feet tall. It weighs about 200 pounds. Its head is like that of a deer. The ears are rabbit-like. The hind legs are powerful. Captain Cook noticed that it did not walk. \_\_\_\_\_\_, it hopped like a grasshopper. Its powerful legs could propel it over bushes seven feet high. When chased, it went as fast as 35 miles per hour. But its front legs were quite tiny. It used them as a squirrel would—as hands for eating.

Captain Cook was excited to <u>spot</u> this strange animal. He found a native guide, but the guide spoke no English. So, Cook pointed to the animal. The guide said *Kan-ga-roo*. Captain Cook wrote the word in his notebook. Years later, missionaries came to Australia. They listened to the natives and created a written language for them. Now the native could read their own spoken language. In the written language, the native word *Kan-ga-roo*, according to the dictionary, means "I don't know." However, the animal is still called a kangaroo. No plan has changed.

- 51. What is the best title for this passage?
  - (A) The History of Australia
- (B) Discovering the Kangaroo
- (C) The Native People's Language
- (D) Who Is Captain Cook?
- 52. Which word belongs in the \_\_\_\_\_ above? (paragraph 2, line 4)
- (A) Instead
- (B) Therefore
- (C) Nevertheless
- (D) Finally
- 53. Which of the following statement is true?
  - (A) According to the passage, Australia in 1770 is small in its land size.
  - (B) Captain Cook asked the guide about the kangaroo by drawing a picture.
  - (C) The natives in Australia created their written language by themselves.
- (D) A Dutch captain described the animal by comparing it to other animals.
- 54. The word "spot" in the passage means \_\_\_\_\_. (paragraph 3, line 1)(A) to kill
  - (B) to capture
  - (C) to see
- (D) to draw

<2> Preschool children who watch television for two hours a day achieve significantly improved academic performance, according to a report in the British press Sunday. The findings, reported in The Sunday Times, showed that those two and three-year-olds who watched television at least two hours a day scored 10 percent higher in reading, math and vocabulary than those who didn't watch television.

Aletha Huston, professor of child development at the University of Texas, and author of the study, said it demonstrated that it was a "mistake" for parents to dismiss the benefits of television outright. Young children could **<u>pick up</u>** a wide range of good social and intellectual skills, if they watched informative programs especially cut out for their age group, she said.

"Television opens up the world to many two and three-year-olds and gives them a head start, which is sustained in improved academic achievement throughout their school lives." They do not, however, benefit from being placed in front of programming aimed at adults.

- 55. According to this passage, toddlers who watch TV programs intended for them at least two hours a day may \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) take no interest in improving their academic performance
  - (B) win an advantage over those who do without at an early stage
  - (C) have a remarkable performance in their overall development
  - (D) feel superior to those who do not watch TV
- 56. What does the phrase "**pick up**" probably mean in this passage? (paragraph 2, line 3)(A) Take hold of.
  - (B) Tidy up.
  - (C) Acquire accidentally.
  - (D) Gather together.
- 57. Aletha Huston thinks \_\_\_\_\_
  - (A) parents are wrong in thinking little of the advantages of television
  - (B) it is apparent that television causes more harm than good
  - (C) television dampens children's enthusiasm in pursuing world knowledge
  - (D) children can learn many skills when exposed to commercial programs
- 58. We can infer from this passage that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) television may contribute greatly to children's violent behavior
  - (B) parents should be responsible for helping their kids choose TV programs
  - (C) children who watch TV achieve success easily throughout their whole life
  - (D) television is an important mass medium and our only source of entertainment

<3> You wake up one morning, and your head feels like it's burning. Right away, you think, "Oh, no! I have a fever!" However, when you take your temperature, you see that it's only 37.2°C.

So, you don't have a fever. Or, do you? From the standards in use for a long time, a fever starts at 38°C. Some doctors now don't agree with that, though. They feel our ideas about fevers are wrong and too old. It's the same for normal body temperatures.

These doctors argue that everyone's normal body temperature isn't 37°C. It's 36.6 to 38°C for kids and 36.1 to 37.2°C for adults. Women also have a higher temperature than men. Besides, people's body temperatures don't stay the same all the time.

When your body temperature is around 38°C, you have a fever. Many people think it's

a bad thing, but it's not. Fevers show that the body is doing its job. It's fighting the bad viruses and bacteria in your body.

The body attacks them by turning up the heat. That way, it's harder for the viruses and bacteria to make copies of themselves. When their numbers decrease, the fever does, too.

Mild fevers don't last long. So, let them do their jobs and don't treat them. Instead, try to find the cause and treat that. If the fever reaches 39.4°C or higher, call your doctor. Do the same if the fever lasts longer than three days. Fevers fight to protect us, so they're our friends, not our enemies.

- 59. Which of the following symptoms makes the body turn up heat?
  - (A) A fever.
  - (B) A running nose.
  - (C) Cough.
  - (D) Chest pain.
- 60. According to the article, what makes you think you have a fever?
  - (A) Your body temperature is 3°C lower than normal.
  - (B) Your body temperature is higher than your father's.
  - (C) Your head feels like it is burning.
  - (D) You take your body temperature and find out it's 37.2°C.
- 61. Which of the following is true about fevers?
  - (A) Men have a higher body temperature than women.
  - (B) All doctors agree that a fever starts at 38°C.
  - (C) Your body temperature always stays the same.
  - (D) Your body is doing its job when you have a fever.

#### VI. 翻譯題 (4%\*3=12%)

### (請將題目翻譯成英文,並將答案全部寫在答案卷上,不用抄題。)

- 1. 在嘉義(Chiayi)的所有小吃當中,雞肉飯是最美味的。
- 2. 許多人喜愛每天吃雞肉飯當午餐,而我也是。
- 3. 雖然我已經吃過許多次了,我還是會繼續吃。